

2011 年度 平安女学院高等学校

# 入学試験問題

1.5 次

英 語

- 注意・「はじめ」の合図があるまで、問題を開いてはいけません。
- ・受験番号と氏名を解答用紙の決められたところに書きなさい。
  - ・答えはすべて解答用紙の決められた  の中に書きなさい。
  - ・記号で答えられるものは、記号で答えなさい。
  - ・試験開始 3 分後に放送によるテストが始まります。



【1】放送によるテスト

[問題A] 次の放送を聞いて、それぞれの対話に続く表現として最も適切なものをA～Cの中から1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。なお、英語の質問と選択肢は1度しか読まれません。

1        A                B                C

2        A                B                C

3        A                B                C

4        A                B                C

5        A                B                C

[問題B] これから短い対話を5つ放送します。それぞれの対話の後にその内容に関する質問があります。それに対する答えとして最も適切なものをA～Dの中から1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。なお、対話と質問は1度しか読まれません。

- 1      A      Very well.  
      B      Five years.  
      C      On Wednesday.  
      D      Six times a week.
  
- 2      A      To stay home.  
      B      To call her back soon.  
      C      To look for Mr. Smith.  
      D      To go to the supermarket.
  
- 3      A      Before dinner.  
      B      After dinner.  
      C      She cannot have dinner.  
      D      She has already finished it.
  
- 4      A      An Indian restaurant.  
      B      A Chinese restaurant.  
      C      An Italian restaurant.  
      D      A Japanese restaurant.
  
- 5      A      Because she did not like it.  
      B      Because it was a nice trip.  
      C      Because she was too young.  
      D      Because she has never been there.

[問題C] 次の放送を聞いて、それに対する質問の答えとして最も適切なものをA～Dの中から1つ選び、記号で答えなさい。なお、英文は2度ずつ読まれます。

(1)

1 Which is not true about the first show?

- A It will begin at 5:00.
- B You can get in the door at 4:45.
- C You can buy tickets for it at the ticket counter.
- D You can eat popcorn during the show.

2 How can you get a free drink coupon?

- A Buy some popcorn and a donut in the lobby.
- B Buy two tickets for the 6:00 show.
- C Buy two tickets for the 7:30 show.
- D Show that you remembered to turn off your cell phone.

(2)

1 How many people attended the party altogether?

- A Ten.
- B Twelve.
- C Fifteen.
- D Fifty.

2 Where was the party held?

- A In Susan's home.
- B At a restaurant.
- C At the Golden Anniversary Hall.
- D In Susan's grandmother's living room.

3 Which is true about the party?

- A Susan's grandfather gave a speech.
- B Susan's mother cooked some food for everyone.
- C Susan's grandparents gave a present to everyone.
- D Susan's grandparents felt very happy to have a nice family.

【2】 次の1～5の英文を、与えられた指示に従って書きかえるとき、後の英文の( )  
に入る適切な1語を答えなさい。

- 1 Roger caught a lot of fish in that river. [疑問文に]  
→( ) Roger ( ) a lot of fish in that river?
  
- 2 Cindy writes a letter at the desk. [現在進行形に]  
→Cindy ( )( ) a letter at the desk.
  
- 3 I don't think they can finish this work today. [ほぼ同じ内容を表す文に]  
→I think it is difficult ( )( ) to finish this work today.
  
- 4 What do you call this plant in English? [ほぼ同じ内容を表す文に]  
→What ( ) this plant ( ) in English?
  
- 5 Linda went to the station, so she is not here. [ほぼ同じ内容を表す文に]  
→Linda ( )( ) to the station.

【3】 次の1～10の英文の( )に入れるのに最も適切なものを、①～④の中から1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

- 1 Mary is good at ( ) tennis.  
① player            ② to play            ③ playing            ④ play
- 2 My father has two watches. One is gold and the ( ) is black.  
① one                ② each                ③ another            ④ other
- 3 Kim ( ) eat tomatoes when she was a little girl.  
① didn't            ② can't                ③ doesn't            ④ won't
- 4 A: How ( ) did it take to finish your homework?  
B: About one hour.  
① much              ② long                ③ many                ④ far
- 5 Tim ( ) breakfast and then read a book.  
① had                ② having              ③ has eaten            ④ has
- 6 His speech was very ( ).  
① interested        ② interesting        ③ interest            ④ interests
- 7 We don't have enough food in the kitchen. So, let's go to the supermarket,  
( )?  
① can we            ② will you            ③ shall we            ④ don't you
- 8 This is the movie ( ) liked to watch when I was a child.  
① was                ② which                ③ I                    ④ that
- 9 My father has been sick ( ) last week.  
① during            ② since                ③ for                 ④ in
- 10 My sister told me ( ) quiet because she was studying.  
① be                 ② been                ③ being                ④ to be

【4】 次の1～5の [ ] 内の語(句)を並べかえて意味がとおる英文を作るとき、[ ] 内で3番目と5番目にくる語(句)を答えなさい。なお、文頭にくるべき語(句)も小文字で始めてあります。

1 I [ can / have / the piano / well / a friend / who / play ].

2 [ at / get / in / I / six / the / up ] morning.

3 [ you / your / will / leave / car / in / the bag ]?

4 I [ sitting / the chair / saw / an / on / man / old ].

5 [ show / to / was / kind / me / enough / he ] the way to the station.



【5】次の英文を読み、下線部①～③の指す内容を、本文中の英語表現から抜き出して答えなさい。

On November 9, 1997, in Iowa<sup>\*1</sup>, Susan Smith had seven babies. The four boys and three girls were born very small. They all had to stay in the hospital for many weeks. The president<sup>\*2</sup> called to congratulate<sup>\*3</sup> Susan and her husband Kenny. ①It was a very rare event<sup>\*4</sup> to have seven children at one time, so Americans were surprised to hear the news.

The family also received a lot of presents. They were given a large new house, a car, food and money. Also, Susan and Kenny joined with popular singers and made a CD of baby songs. ②It was called Sweet Dreams. The sales<sup>\*5</sup> have helped the family with the high cost<sup>\*6</sup> of taking care of seven children.

People in the United States have watched ③them kindly<sup>\*7</sup> over the years. They are now junior high school students. Do you want to make friends with them?

(注) Iowa<sup>\*1</sup> アイオワ (アメリカ合衆国の州)  
president<sup>\*2</sup> 大統領      congratulate<sup>\*3</sup> お祝いする  
rare event<sup>\*4</sup> 珍しい出来事      sales<sup>\*5</sup> 売り上げ  
cost<sup>\*6</sup> 費用      kindly<sup>\*7</sup> 温かく

【6】次の英文を読み、下線部①・②を日本語にしてください。②については、they の意味を明らかにして訳してください。

One day, two young men were walking by one of the village gardens. “Look at that,” said Joe, “What a big pumpkin!” Henry said, “That’s not so big.” Henry loved to boast<sup>\*1</sup>. “①One day, when I was traveling in a foreign country, I saw a pumpkin which was bigger than this garden.” Joe, a pot-maker<sup>\*2</sup>, answered, “Wow, that was really a big pumpkin. But I remember that once I helped some farmers to build a big pot that was as large as a church.” “Oh, dear<sup>\*3</sup>,” said Henry, “②What did they make such a big pot for?” Joe answered, “To cook your pumpkin.” Henry became embarrassed<sup>\*4</sup>. He thought for a moment and said slowly, “Now I understand you. You always tell me the truth<sup>\*5</sup>. Your message to me is to stop telling lies<sup>\*6</sup>. Thank you for trying to help me!” And the two friends went home.

(注)	boast <sup>*1</sup>	自慢する	pot-maker <sup>*2</sup>	なべ職人	Oh, dear <sup>*3</sup>	おや、まあ
	embarrassed <sup>*4</sup>	困った	truth <sup>*5</sup>	真実・事実	lie <sup>*6</sup>	うそ

【7】次の英文を読み、( 1 )～( 5 )に入れるのに最も適切なものを、①～④の中から1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

For a long time, humor<sup>\*1</sup> and laughter<sup>\*2</sup> ( 1 ) us. They have made human relations<sup>\*3</sup> stronger all over the world. The old sayings<sup>\*4</sup> are true: “Laughter is the best medicine<sup>\*5</sup>,” and “Good fortune<sup>\*6</sup> comes to the door of people who laugh.” Life is sometimes not easy, and bad things often happen. When we can find the humor in something, we feel better. We feel hope and joy. If we think about it more deeply, we may think that laughter is needed to be happy in our everyday lives.

Have you ever heard of “black humor”? People use it to talk about all those bad things that happen. Sometimes this black humor can ( 2 ) us unpleasant<sup>\*7</sup> feelings. And the best part of laughter is not such humor. For example, there are some people who feel that Japanese *manzai* today is not very good for us. We may laugh and forget about our problems while we are watching such *manzai* on TV. Does it help to find the ( 3 ) to them? Is it a useful way to get over them and go forward? Most people think, “If it’s on TV, it must be OK,” but we should be very ( 4 ).

The TV comics and writers who make these programs just want us to laugh. So they say funny things, and jump and dance around. But humor is important not just because it makes us laugh. We need it because it teaches us something true about the world. We should always remember that real laughter is bright, and not dark. Now, ( 5 ) are you going to watch on TV this evening?

(注) humor<sup>\*1</sup> ユーモア      laughter<sup>\*2</sup> 笑い      human relations<sup>\*3</sup> 人間関係  
 saying<sup>\*4</sup> ことわざ      medicine<sup>\*5</sup> 薬      good fortune<sup>\*6</sup> 幸運  
 unpleasant<sup>\*7</sup> 不快な

- 1 ① were helped      ② have helped      ③ helped      ④ helps
- 2 ① give      ② take      ③ put      ④ make
- 3 ① question      ② answer      ③ problem      ④ reason
- 4 ① wonderful      ② beautiful      ③ helpful      ④ careful
- 5 ① where      ② which      ③ what      ④ when

【8】次の英文を読み、その内容と一致するものを後のア～コの中から3つ選び、記号で答えなさい。

I always use my dictionary before I write something. I want to understand the meaning of the word I look up in the dictionary. When I find the word “garden” in the dictionary, one of the meanings is “a yard\*1,” but I imagine very different things when I hear the two words.

I have a very special idea about a garden. For example, it is used to grow something — a flower garden or a vegetable garden. The purpose is to create some beautiful space or to get some delicious vegetables. These days, a lot of people want organic vegetables\*2: vegetables grown without any chemicals\*3. I also think gardens are well planned. Someone has thought about what to plant and where to plant it. The gardeners\*4 want to create a happy space if they don’t use it for a vegetable garden. It doesn’t have to be beautiful. It just has to produce a lot of vegetables.

On the other hand, a yard is a space next to or around a building. I grew up in a house near a large city in the USA. The house was on the street, but between the street and the front of the house there was an area called the front yard. There was also some space behind the house, the back yard. There were some trees in the front yard and there was also some grass growing there. The back yard also had a few trees and there was grass on the ground. On summer nights we often had a party on a little terrace\*5 there.

Some yards have a fence or other buildings on them. For example, school yards do. Most Japanese people call them the school grounds, but the grounds mean the land that the buildings sit on, too. Use the word “playground” if you want to talk about the place which school children play on. Both children and adults love to relax in gardens and yards. I guess everyone needs to go outside in the sun to stay healthy.

(注) yard\*<sup>1</sup> 中庭      organic vegetable\*<sup>2</sup> 有機野菜      chemical\*<sup>3</sup> 薬品  
gardener\*<sup>4</sup> ガーデナー (園芸家)      terrace\*<sup>5</sup> テラス

- ア 筆者は、文章を書くとき、いつも辞書は使わないことにしている。
- イ 筆者は、“garden” と “yard”、いずれの語に対しても、同じイメージを持っている。
- ウ 筆者は、庭いじりが好きで、自宅の庭で花と野菜を育てていた。
- エ 筆者は、以前、アメリカ合衆国の大都市に住んでいたことがある。
- オ 筆者が住んでいた家は通りに面していて、家の前にも裏にも庭があった。
- カ 筆者が住んでいた家の庭には、大きな木がたくさんあった。
- キ 筆者は、夏の夜、裏庭にあるテラスでよくパーティーをした。
- ク “ground” という単語の意味には、その中の建物が含まれていない。
- ケ 日本語の「グラウンド」と英語の “ground” はまったく同じものを指している。
- コ 筆者は、健康のため、屋外に出て日光をあびる必要があると考えている。

【9】 次の英文を読み、1～3の英文が本文の内容に合うように、与えられている文字ではじまる適切な1語、または数字を（ ）に入れなさい。

The roses were not happy after Little Prince\*<sup>1</sup> said that they were not at all like his rose.

“You are beautiful, but you are empty\*<sup>2</sup>,” he told them. “No one would die for you. Of course, people may think that my rose looks like you. But I know that she is more important than all of you because she is the rose I looked after. Because she is the rose I put under the earth. Because she is the rose I protected\*<sup>3</sup> when it was cold. Because she is the rose I killed the caterpillars\*<sup>4</sup> for (except for\*<sup>5</sup> two or three that will become butterflies\*<sup>6</sup>). Because she is the rose who talked with me and who was quiet with me. Because she is my rose.”

(注) Little Prince\*<sup>1</sup> 星の王子さま      empty\*<sup>2</sup> 中身がない  
protect\*<sup>3</sup> 守る      caterpillar\*<sup>4</sup> 毛虫  
except for\*<sup>5</sup> ～をのぞいて      butterfly\*<sup>6</sup> 蝶 (ちょう)

- 1 Little Prince ( t            ) care of his rose in many ways.
- 2 Little Prince kept his rose ( w            ) in the cold weather.
- 3 For Little Prince, his rose is very important for (            ) reasons.

【10】 次の条件に従って、あなたの意見を英語で述べなさい。

あなたは授業で、日本の四季についてグループごとに調べ、英語で発表することになりました。あなたのグループでは、春と秋のどちらかについて発表しようと考えています。あなたはどの季節を選んで発表しようと思いますか。そして、それはなぜですか。

解答欄の [     ] 内のどちらかを○で囲み、その理由を、与えられた英語に続けて、10～20語の英語で述べなさい。与えられた英語は語数に含まず、また、英文は2文以上になってもよいこととします。

I would like to choose [ spring : fall ], because

解 答 用 紙

受験番号		氏 名		得点	
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[1] 放送によるテスト	A	1	2	3	4	5	
	B	1	2	3	4	5	
	C	(1)	1	2	(2)	1	2

[2]	1		2	
	3		4	
	5			

[3]	1	2	3	4	5
	6	7	8	9	10

[4]	1	3 番目		5 番目
	2	3 番目		5 番目
	3	3 番目		5 番目
	4	3 番目		5 番目
	5	3 番目		5 番目

[5]	①	
	②	
	③	

[6]	①	
	②	

[7]	1	2	3	4	5
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[8]			
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[9]	1	2	3
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[10]	I would like to choose [ spring : fall ], because

解 答 用 紙

受験番号		氏 名		得点	
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1 放送によるテスト	A	1	A	2	B	3	B	4	C	5	C	
	B	1	D	2	D	3	A	4	B	5	C	
	C	(1)	1	C	2	C	(2)	1	C	2	A	3

2	1	Did		catch	2	is		writing
	3	for		them	4	is		called
	5	has		gone				

3	1	③	2	④	3	①	4	②	5	①
	6	②	7	③	8	③	9	②	10	④

4	1	3番目	who		5番目	play
	2	3番目	up		5番目	six
	3	3番目	leave		5番目	in
	4	3番目	old		5番目	sitting
	5	3番目	kind		5番目	to

5	①	to have seven children at one time
	②	a CD of baby songs
	③	seven children

6	①	ある日、外国を旅行しているとき、私はこの庭よりも大きなカボチャを見た。
	②	農夫たちは何のためにそんなに大きななべを作ったのだろう。

7	1	②	2	①	3	②	4	④	5	③
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8	オ	キ	コ
---	---	---	---

9	1	took	2	warm	3	6
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10	I would like to choose [ spring : fall ], because
	< 解答略 >